

## Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

You will recall that  $\int_a^b f'(x) dx = f(b) - f(a)$ .

This formula can be rewritten to show that  $f(b) = f(a) + \int_a^b f'(x) dx$ . This means that a final value is equal to the initial value + net change.

## Accumulation

One of the key ideas in mathematics is that  $rate \times time = amount$ . If a printer that is rated at 8 pages per minute prints for 3 minutes, it can print  $8 \text{ pages} / \text{min} \times 3 \text{ min} = 24 \text{ pages}$ . Notice how the units work out correctly. While this example has a constant rate, it is possible to have a rate that varies according to some function. To accumulate a rate of change over time, we use a definite integral:  $Amount = \int_{beginning\ time}^{ending\ time} Rate\ dt$ .

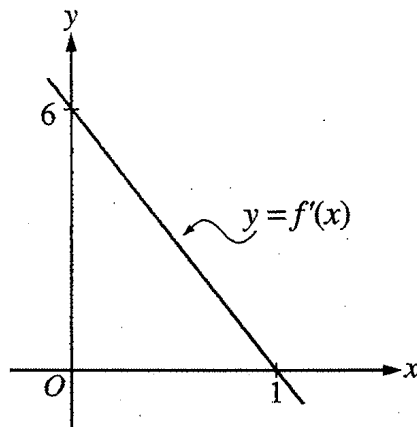
Over the past decade the AP Exam has had many problems involving the concept of adding a quantity at one rate while subtracting a quantity using another rate. Usually, there is some initial amount to consider. This gives the following conceptual formula

$Current\ Amount = Initial\ Amount + \int_{time1}^{time2} additionrate\ dt - \int_{time1}^{time2} subtractionrate\ dt$ . Also, you may be asked to find when the amount reaches a maximal or minimal amount. This usually involves the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

As with other types of problems, accumulation problems can be presented in graphical, numerical, or analytical formats.

### Multiple Choice Examples

1. 2003 AB22 - No Calculator Allowed



22. The graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of  $f$ , is the line shown in the figure above. If  $f(0) = 5$ , then  $f(1) =$   
(A) 0      (B) 3      (C) 6      (D) 8      (E) 11

2. 2003 AB84 - Calculator Active

84. A pizza, heated to a temperature of 350 degrees Fahrenheit ( $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), is taken out of an oven and placed in a  $75^{\circ}\text{F}$  room at time  $t = 0$  minutes. The temperature of the pizza is changing at a rate of  $-110e^{-0.4t}$  degrees Fahrenheit per minute. To the nearest degree, what is the temperature of the pizza at time  $t = 5$  minutes?  
(A)  $112^{\circ}\text{F}$       (B)  $119^{\circ}\text{F}$       (C)  $147^{\circ}\text{F}$       (D)  $238^{\circ}\text{F}$       (E)  $335^{\circ}\text{F}$

3. 2003 AB91 - Calculator Active

91. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at any time  $t > 0$ , its acceleration is given by  $a(t) = \ln(1 + 2^t)$ . If the velocity of the particle is 2 at time  $t = 1$ , then the velocity of the particle at time  $t = 2$  is  
(A) 0.462      (B) 1.609      (C) 2.555      (D) 2.886      (E) 3.346

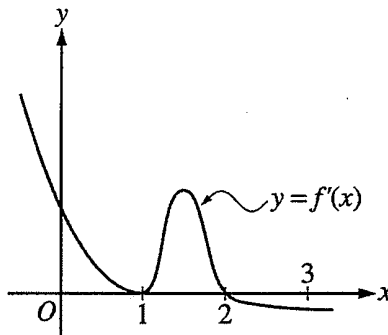
4. 2003 BC80 - Calculator Active

80. Insects destroyed a crop at the rate of  $\frac{100e^{-0.1t}}{2 - e^{-3t}}$  tons per day, where time  $t$  is measured in days. To the nearest ton, how many tons did the insects destroy during the time interval  $7 \leq t \leq 14$ ?  
(A) 125      (B) 100      (C) 88      (D) 50      (E) 12

5. 2003 BC87 - Calculator Active

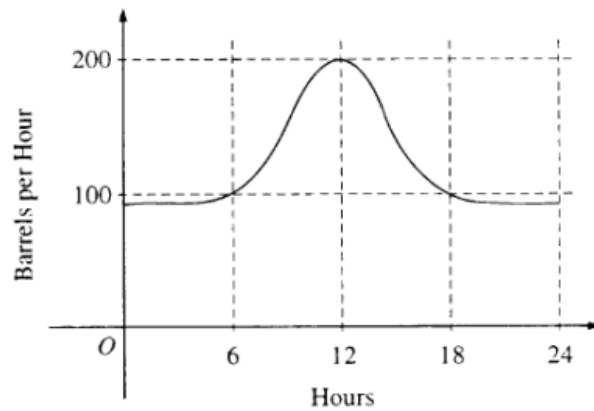
87. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at any time  $t \geq 0$ , its velocity is given by  $v(t) = \cos(2 - t^2)$ . The position of the particle is 3 at time  $t = 0$ . What is the position of the particle when its velocity is first equal to 0?
- (A) 0.411      (B) 1.310      (C) 2.816      (D) 3.091      (E) 3.411

6. 2003 BC90 - Calculator Active



90. The graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of the function  $f$ , is shown above. If  $f(0) = 0$ , which of the following must be true?
- I.  $f(0) > f(1)$
  - II.  $f(2) > f(1)$
  - III.  $f(1) > f(3)$
- (A) I only  
(B) II only  
(C) III only  
(D) I and II only  
(E) II and III only

7. 1998 AB9 BC9 - No Calculator Allowed



9. The flow of oil, in barrels per hour, through a pipeline on July 9 is given by the graph shown above. Of the following, which best approximates the total number of barrels of oil that passed through the pipeline that day?
- (A) 500      (B) 600      (C) 2,400      (D) 3,000      (E) 4,800

**Free Response**

1. 2005 AB2 Calculator Allowed

The tide removes sand from Sandy Beach at a rate modeled by the function  $R$ , given by

$$R(t) = 2 + 5 \sin\left(\frac{4\pi t}{25}\right)$$

A pumping station adds sand to the beach at a rate modeled by the function  $S$ , given by

$$S(t) = \frac{15t}{1+3t}$$

Both  $R(t)$  and  $S(t)$  have units of cubic yards per hour and  $t$  is measured in hours for  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ . At time  $t = 0$ , the beach contains 2500 cubic yards of sand.

- (a) How much sand will the tide remove from the beach during this 6-hour period? Indicate units of measure.
- (b) Write an expression for  $Y(t)$ , the total number of cubic yards of sand on the beach at time  $t$ .

- (c) Find the rate at which the total amount of sand on the beach is changing at time  $t = 4$ .
- (d) For  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ , at what time  $t$  is the amount of sand on the beach a minimum? What is the minimum value? Justify your answers.

2. 2000 AB4 – Calculator Allowed

Water is pumped into an underground tank at a constant rate of 8 gallons per minute. Water leaks out of the tank at the rate of  $\sqrt{t+1}$  gallons per minute, for  $0 \leq t \leq 120$  minutes. At time  $t = 0$ , the tank contains 30 gallons of water.

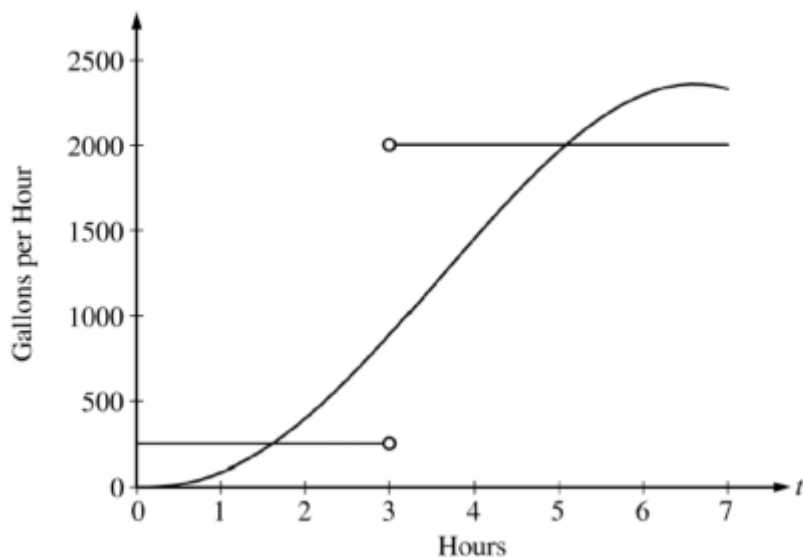
(a) How many gallons of water leak out of the tank from time  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3$  minutes?

(b) How many gallons of water are in the tank at time  $t = 3$  minutes?

- (c) Write an expression for  $A(t)$ , the total number of gallons of water in the tank at time  $t$ .
- (d) At what time  $t$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 120$ , is the amount of water in the tank a maximum? Justify your answer.



3. 2007 AB2 – Calculator allowed



The amount of water in a storage tank, in gallons, is modeled by a continuous function on the time interval  $0 \leq t \leq 7$ , where  $t$  is measured in hours. In this model, rates are given as follows:

- (i) The rate at which water enters the tank is  $f(t) = 100t^2 \sin(\sqrt{t})$  gallons per hour for  $0 \leq t \leq 7$ .
- (ii) The rate at which water leaves the tank is

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 250 & \text{for } 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 2000 & \text{for } 3 < t \leq 7 \end{cases} \text{ gallons per hour.}$$

The graphs of  $f$  and  $g$ , which intersect at  $t = 1.617$  and  $t = 5.076$  are shown in the figure above. At time  $t = 0$ , the amount of water in the tank is 5000 gallons.

- (a) How many gallons of water enter the tank during the time interval  $0 \leq t \leq 7$ ? Round your answer to the nearest gallon.

(b) For  $0 \leq t \leq 7$ , find the time intervals during which the amount of water in the tank is decreasing. Give a reason for your answer.

(c) For  $0 \leq t \leq 7$ , at what time  $t$  is the amount of water in the tank greatest? To the nearest gallon, compute the amount of water at this time. Justify your answer.