

Set up the integral, but do not evaluate the volume formed by  $x = -y^2 + 4y$ ;  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 1$ , about the  $y$ -axis.

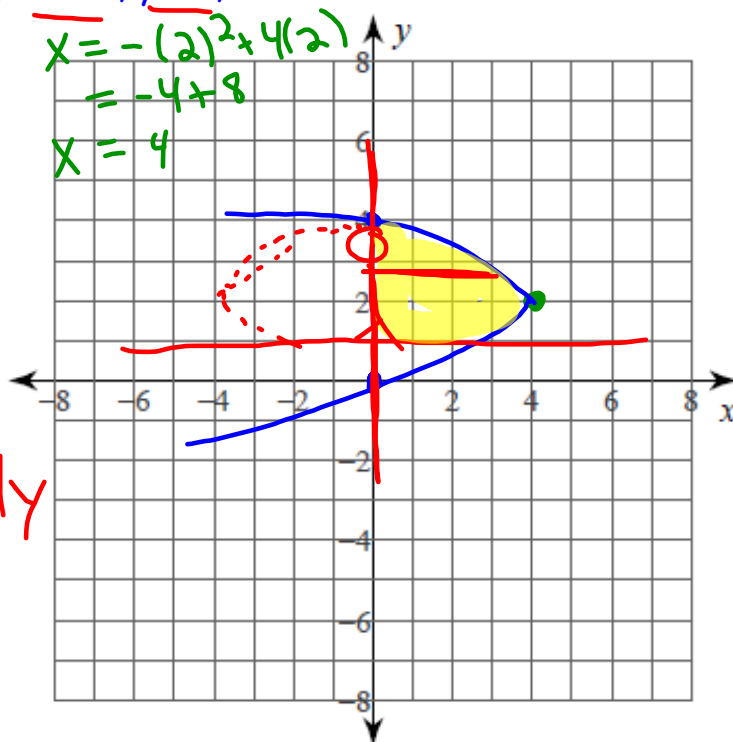
$$0 = -y^2 + 4y$$

$$y^2 - 4y = 0$$

$$y(y-4) = 0$$

$$y = 0, 4$$

$$\pi \int_1^4 (-y^2 + 4y - 0)^2 dy$$



## Warm-up (~~no calculator~~)

Find the volume obtained by revolving the region between  $y = x^2 + 4$  and  $y = 2$  about the  $y = 2$  for

$$1 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$\pi \int_1^3 (x^2 + 4 - 2)^2 dx$$



NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL RADIAN MP

$$\pi \int_1^3 ((y_1 - y_2)^2) dx$$

.....286.094371

$$\pi \int_1^3 ((y_1 - y_2)^2) dx$$

.....286.094371

How much sugar will you get from a lifesaver?

Translated: What is the volume if the radius of the candy is 3cm, the radius of the hole in the middle is 1cm, and the height is 1cm?



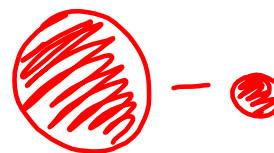
Geometry:

$$V = A_{\text{base}} * H$$

$$A_{\text{base}} = \pi R^2 - \pi r^2$$

$$V = \pi(R^2 - r^2) * H$$

give answer in terms of  $\pi$



Calculus:



## Stand and Deliver

### Washer Method

7.2

for "ring" cross sections

Outer - Inner

Radius: Top - Bottom

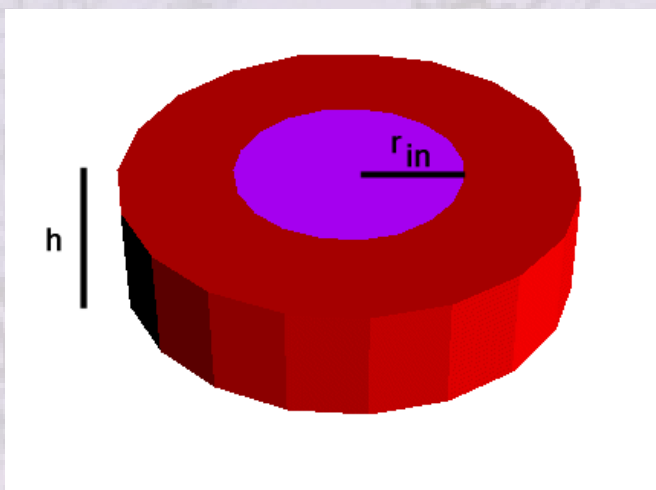
$$\pi \int_a^b (R(x))^2 - (r(x))^2 dx$$

$$\pi \int_a^b (\text{Top} - \text{Bottom})^2 - (\text{Top} - \text{Bottom})^2 dx$$

Radius: Right - Left

$$\pi \int_c^d (R(y))^2 - (r(y))^2 dy$$

What is the volume of this washer like shape?



Find the volume of:

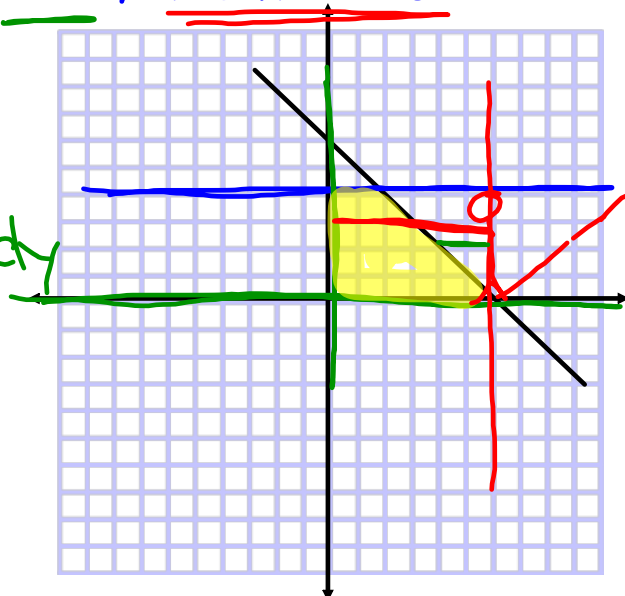
$y = 6 - x$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $y = 4$ ,  $x = 0$ ; about  $x = 6$

$$x = 6 - y$$

$$\pi \int_0^4 \left( (6-0)^2 - (6-(6-y))^2 \right) dy$$

$$\pi \int_0^4 36 - y^2 dy$$

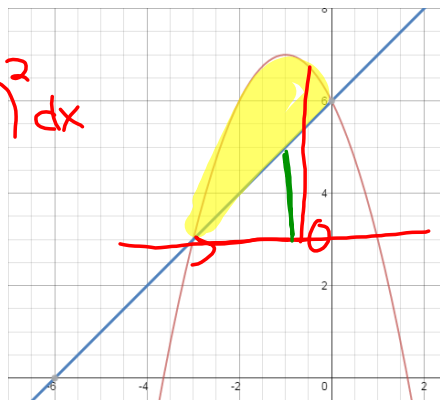
$$\pi \left( 36y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^4$$



Find the volume of:

$$y = 6 - 2x - x^2; y = x + 6 \text{ about } \underline{y = 3}$$

$$\pi \int_{-3}^6 (6 - 2x - x^2 - 3)^2 - (x + 6 - 3)^2 dx$$



$$6 - 2x - x^2 = x + 6$$

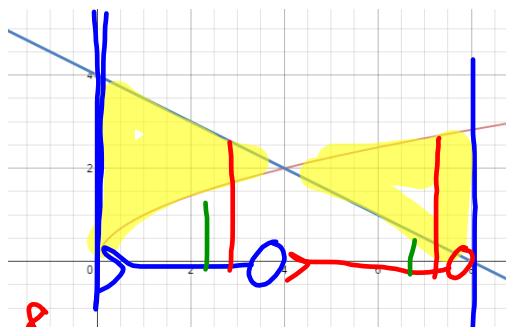
$$0 = x^2 + 3x$$

$$0 = x(x + 3)$$

$$x = 0; -3$$

Find the volume of the region between:

$$y = \sqrt{x}; y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4; x = 0; x = 8 \text{ about } \underline{x \text{ axis}}$$



$$\pi \int_0^4 \left(-\frac{1}{2}x + 4\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2 dx + \int_4^8 (\sqrt{x})^2 - \left(-\frac{1}{2}x + 4\right)^2 dx$$

## Attachments

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Volumes by Revolution.gsp

Volumes on Base.gsp